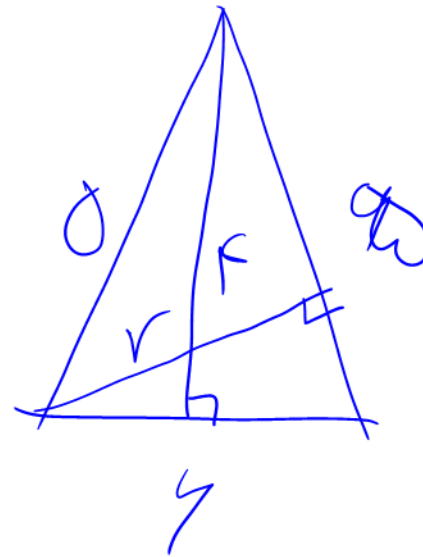
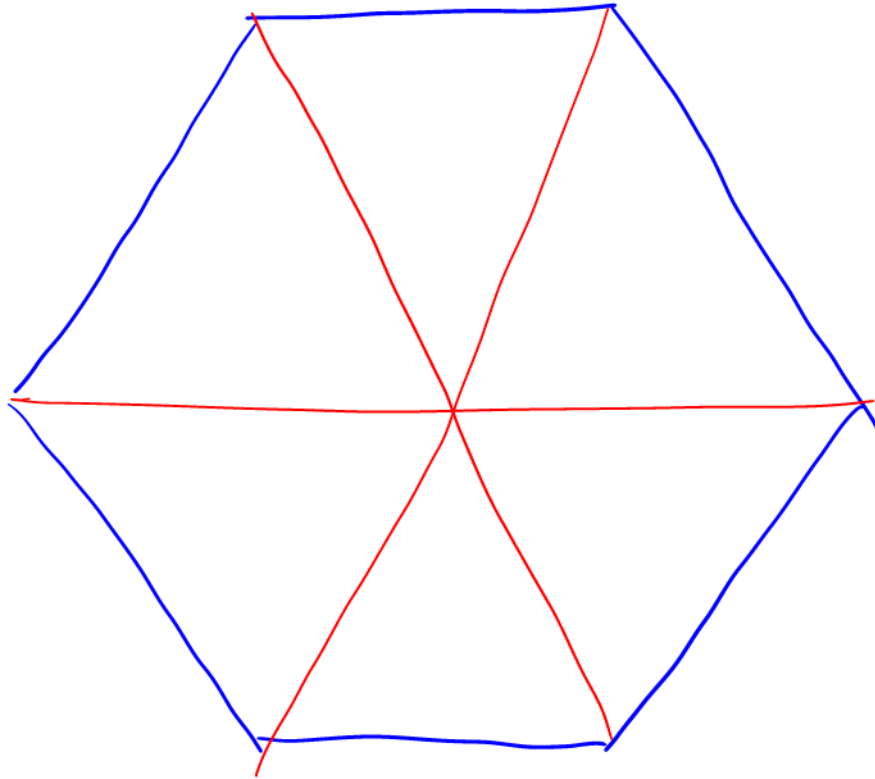


$$\frac{1}{\mu} \times \pi \left( \frac{r_0}{2} \right)^2 \times \alpha$$

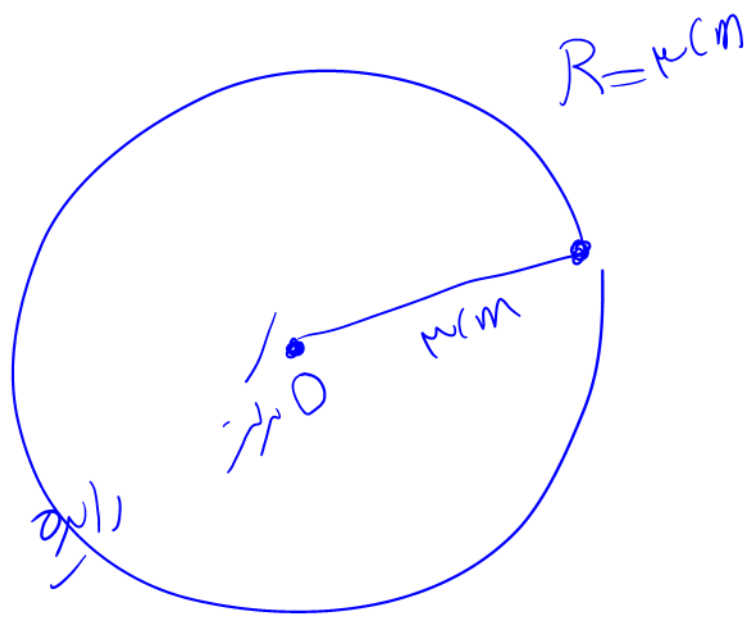


$$r \times \alpha = g \times \epsilon$$

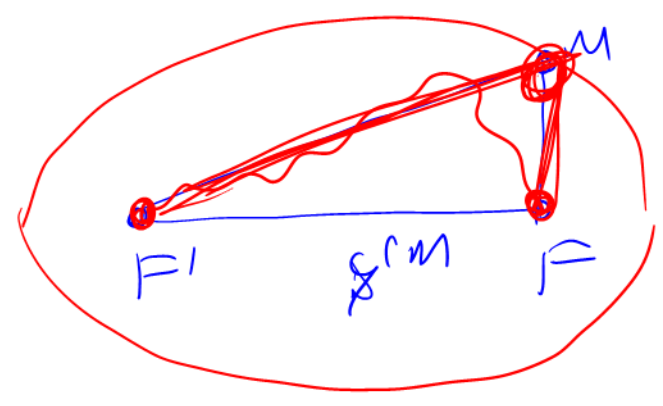
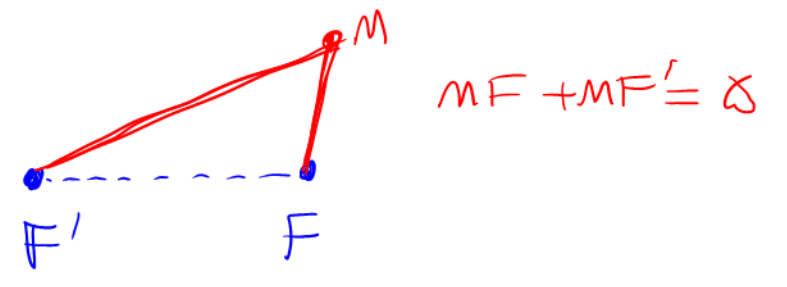


شش ضلعی مستطیم، و نا معلوم

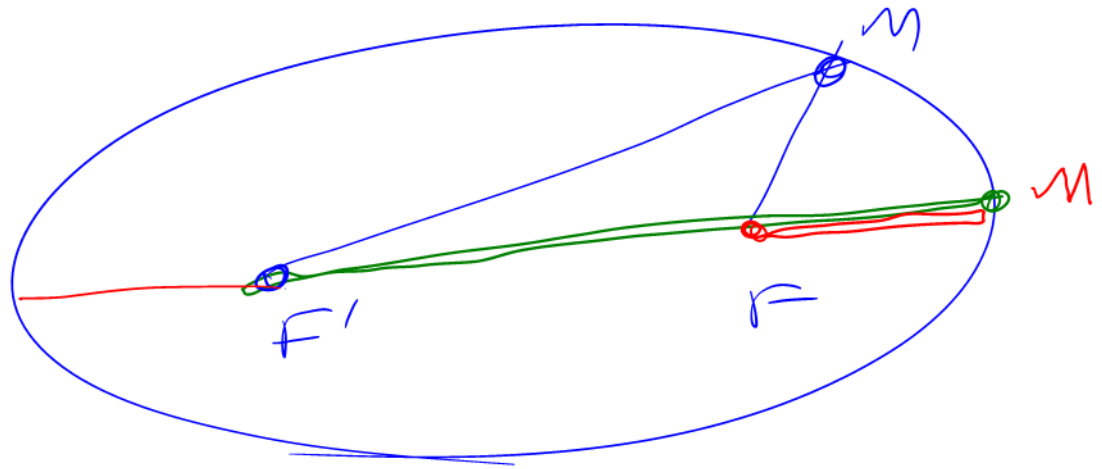
ست در الافنداع است.



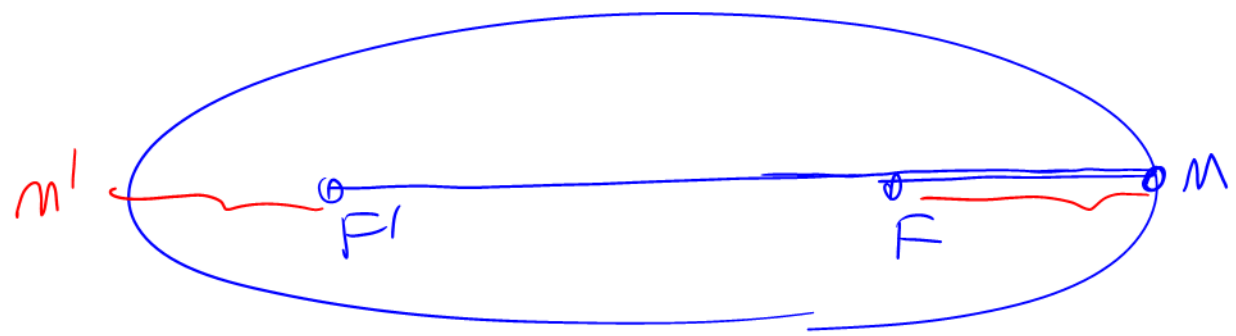
کر رہا ہے کئی کئی  $= 4 = 8 \text{ cm}$



$MF + MF' = 9 \text{ cm}$



$$MF + MF' = ca$$

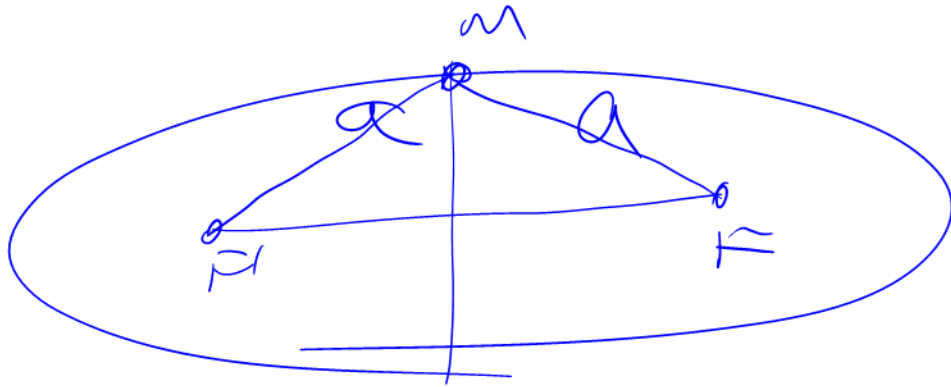


$$MF + MF' = ca$$

$$\underbrace{MF + MF'}_{MF'}$$



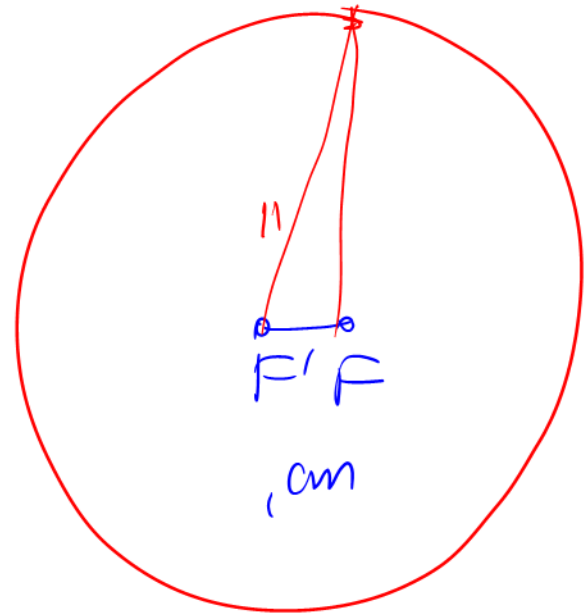
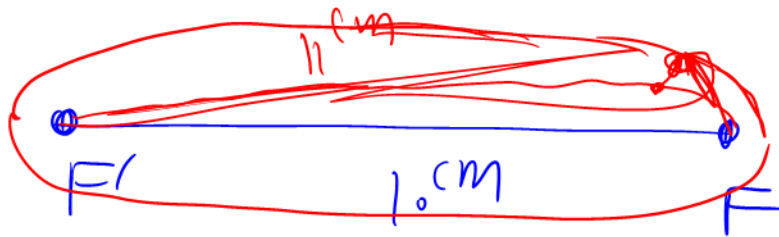
$$MM' = ca$$

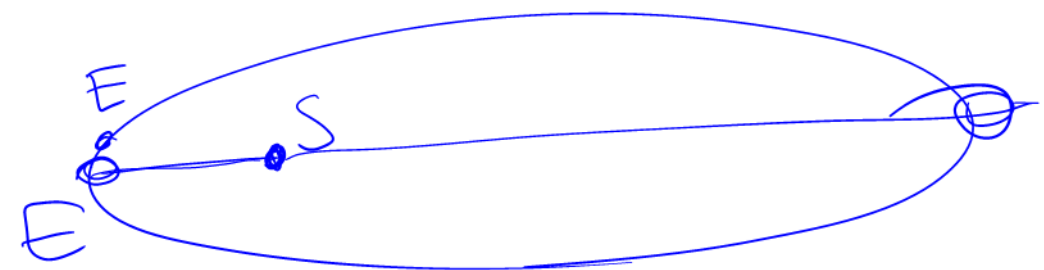


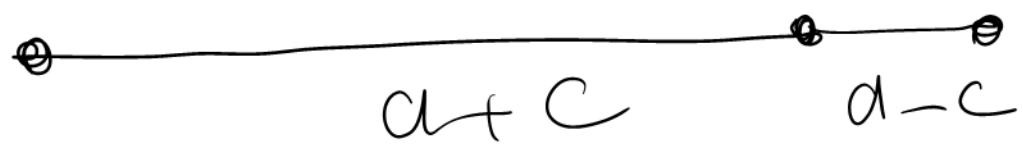
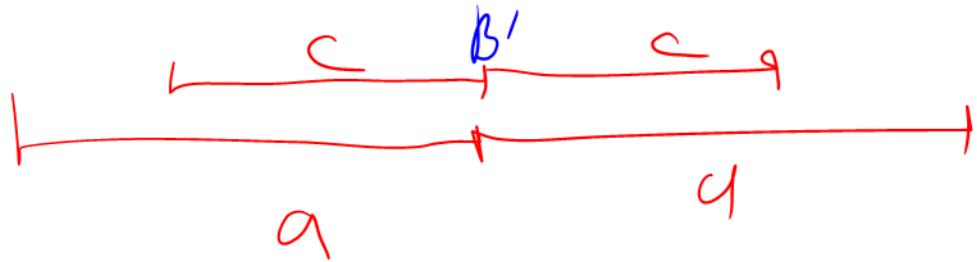
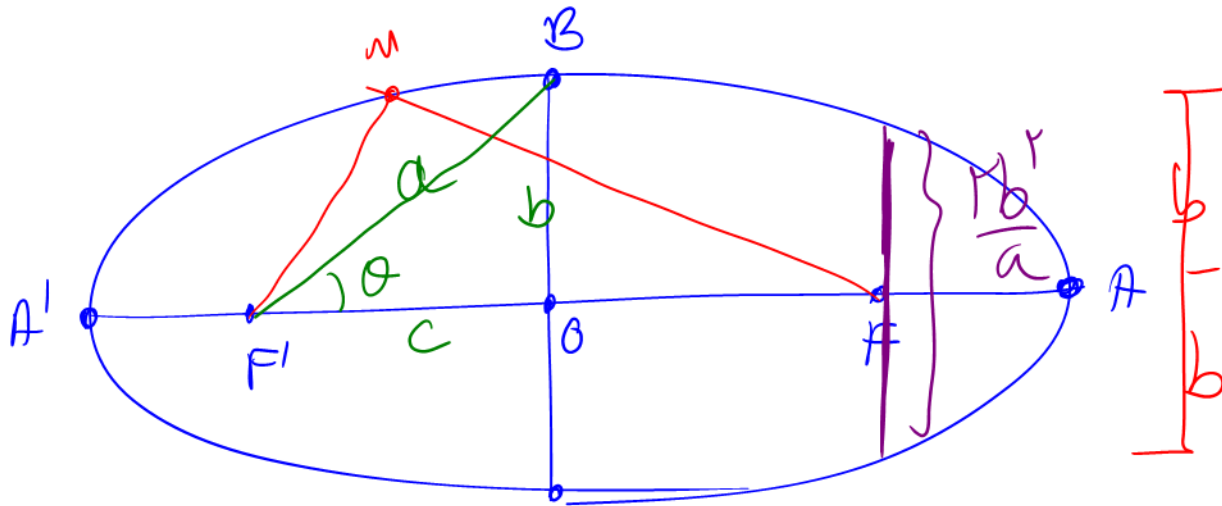
$$MF + MF' = 2a$$



$$\frac{\text{دائرة مرسومه}}{\text{طول قوس}} = \frac{10}{\sqrt{11}} \quad \frac{a}{11}$$







$e$   
 $AA' = \text{قطر بزرگ} = 2a$   $BB' = \text{قطر کوچک} = 2b$   
 $FF' = \text{فاصله بزرگ}$   $0$  مرکز

$$MF + MF' = 2a$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

$$e = \frac{c}{a} = \cos \theta = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^2}$$

$$\text{فاصله} = 2a$$



















































